

Fixed & ARM

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Fixed & ARM

Owner-Occupied Primary Residence					
Transaction Type	Units	LTV/CLTV	Maximum Loan Amount ^{1,2}	Credit Score	Maximum DTI ³
Purchase and		90% 4	\$1,000,000	680	38%
Rate/Term	1-2	80%	\$1,500,000	661	43%
Refinance		75%	\$2,000,000	680	43%
	3-4	70%	\$1,500,000	661	43%
		80%	\$1,000,000 Max cash-out \$250,000	680	43%
Cash-Out	1-2	70%	\$1,000,00 Max cash-out \$250,000	661	43%
		60%	\$1,500,000 Max cash-out \$500,000	661	43%

Footnotes:

- 1. First time homebuyers maximum loan amount \$1,000,000 except in the states of CA, CT, NJ, and NY which are eligible up to \$1,500.000. **Must be FTHB** and property in states listed to be eligible for \$1.5 M loan amount. Refer to the Eligible Borrowers section for complete first time homebuyer requirements
- 2. Minimum loan amount is \$1.00 more than the current conforming/high balance 2016 limits set by the <u>Federal Housing Finance Agency (FHFA)</u> for the applicable number of units
- 3. There are no exceptions to the maximum DTI
- 4. 80.01% to 90% LTV the following applies:
 - Mortgage insurance not required
 - Gift funds ineligible
 - Subordinate financing is eligible. Refer to the <u>Subordinate Financing</u> topic for eligibility.
 - Escrow/impound account required unless prohibited by applicable state law.
 - Non-permanent resident aliens ineligible

See next page for Second Home and Investment Property matrices.



Second Home ⁴					
Transaction Type	Units	LTV/CLTV	Loan Amount ²	Credit Score	Maximum DTI ¹
Purchase and	1	80%	\$1,000,000	661	43%
Rate/Term Refinance	1	70%	\$1,500,000	661	43%
	1	65%	\$2,000,000	661	43%
	1	65%	\$1,000,000	661	43%
Cash-Out			Max cash-out \$250,000		
	1	60%	\$1,500,000	661	43%
			Max cash-out \$500,000		
			Investment ³		
Transaction Type	Units	LTV/CLTV	Loan Amount ²	Credit Score	Maximum DTI
Purchase	1-4	75%	\$1,000,000	680	43%
Rate/Term Refinance	1-4	70%	\$1,000,000	680	43%
Cash-Out	1-4	60%	\$1,000,000	680	43%
			Max cash-out \$250,000		

Footnotes:

- 1. There are **no exceptions** to the maximum DTI.
- Minimum loan amount is \$1.00 more than the current conforming/high balance 2016 limits set by the <u>Federal Housing</u> Finance Agency (FHFA) for the applicable number of units
- 3. Investment transactions are subject to the following:
 - First time homebuyers ineligible
 - Must be an arm's length transaction
 - Gift funds not allowed
 - Appraiser must provide comparable rent schedule
 - Florida condominiums limited to a maximum 50% LTV/CLTV/HCLTV
 - Investment property cash-out is subject to ATR requirements. REMN WS requires a signed Borrower Certification Business Purpose of Investment Property and a signed letter from the borrower that cash-out is for business purposes.
 - If using rental income to qualify, a copy of the executed lease agreement is required.
- 4. First time homebuyers ineligible



		PRODUCT OVERVIEW			
Available	»	All 50 states with the exception of Nebraska			
Markets	»	Guam, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands are ineligible.			
Flicible	»	Purchase			
Eligible Transactions	»	Limited Cash-Out Refinance (Rate/Term)			
Transactions	»	Cash-out Refinance			
Ineligible	»	Interest-only			
Transactions	»	Loans with a prepayment penalty			
	»	Higher priced mortgage loan (HPML)			
	»	High cost mortgage loan			
	»	Higher-Priced Covered transactions			
	»	Negative amortization			
	»	Convertible ARMs			
	»	Temporary Buydowns			
	»	Balloon payments			
	»	Graduated payments			
	»	Non-traditional credit			
	»	Transactions where the property securing the loan is subject to a private transfer fee covenant created on or after Feb. 8, 2011 and the fee collected does not directly benefit the property.			
	»	Properties with a condition rating of C5/C6			
	»	Properties with a construction/quality rating of Q6			
	»	Refinance of an investment property that was listed for sale in the 6 months prior to loan application			
	»	Cash-out transactions where the subject property was listed for sale in the 12 months prior to application			
Eligible	»	1-4 unit owner- occupied (attached/detached)			
Properties	»	1-unit second home (refer to the Occupancy section for requirements)			
Troperties	»	1-4 unit investment property (refer to the Occupancy section for requirements)			
	»	PUDs (attached/detached)			
	»	Condominiums (attached) - Fannie Mae warrantable.			
		 Full Review required; Limited Review ineligible. 			
		- New condominium projects require CPM acceptance or PERS approval. NOTE: Florida condominiums limited to 50% LTV/CLTV on investment transactions			
	»	Site condos (detached condos) - Fannie Mae warrantable. Limited Review allowed			
	»	Non-warrantable condos (refer to the Non-Warrantable Condominiums section for requirements)			
	»	Leaseholds. The lease or sublease must be valid, in good standing and in full force. The leasehold must be assignable and/or transferable. All rents must be current. The remaining term of the lease must extend a minimum of 5 years beyond the maturity date of the mortgage.			
	»	Modular/prefabricated			
	»	Properties subject to existing oil/gas lease are subject to all of the following:			
	»	Title endorsement providing coverage to REMN WS against damage to existing improvements resulting from the exercise of the right to use the surface of the land which is subject to an oil and/or gas lease, and			
	»	No active drilling. The appraiser must comment or current survey to show no active drilling, and			
	»	No lease recorded after the home construction date. Re-recording of a lease after the home was constructed is permitted, and			
	»	The property must be connected to public water.			
	»	Properties with leased solar panels are eligible subject to Fannie Mae guidelines			



	PRODUCT OVERVIEW					
Ineligible	» New or newly converted condominium projects without a PERS approval or CPM acceptance					
Properties	» New or newly converted condominium projects in Florida with a PERS approval					
rioperties	» Property < 750 square feet with the exception of New York city which cannot be < 450 square feet					
	Cooperative projects					
	» Manufactured/mobile homes. Manufactured housing is defined as any dwelling built on a permanent chassis. Manufactured homes are ineligible even if the towing hitch, wheels and axles have					
	been removed.					
	» Condo Hotels (projects managed or operated as hotel/motel, hotel/motel conversions) Condominium conversion					
	» Mixed use					
	» Properties located in Hawaii Lava Zones 1 & 2					
	» Log homes					
	» Unique properties					
	» Unimproved land					
	» Timeshare units					
	» Properties > 10 acres					
	» Residential property zoned commercial					
	» Agricultural-type properties e.g. farms, orchards, ranches					
	» Commercial property					
	» Properties located on tribal/Native American land					
	Properties with a condition rating of C5/C6					
	» Properties with a construction/quality rating of Q6					
5 1/5 1	» Properties with age related restrictions (55+ communities) are eligible subject to Fannie Mae					
Deed/Resale	requirements.					
Restrictions	» All other properties subject to deed/resale restrictions are ineligible.					
Assumptions	» Fixed Rate – not allowed					
	» ARMs – may be allowed					
Prepayment Penalties	Not permitted					
Temporary Buydowns	Not permitted					
IDD/GSA	LDP/GSA LDP/ GSA					
LDP/GSA	 All of the following parties to the transaction, as applicable, must be checked against HUD's Limited Denial of Participation list and the General Service Administration's Excluded Parties List System. Borrower(s), Broker, Loan Agent, Seller, Real Estate Listing and Selling Agent(s), Appraiser. 					
Mortgage Insurance (MI)	Not required					



	PRODUCT OVERVIEW		
Products	 » 15, 20, 25 and 30 year fully amortizing fixed rate Qualified at the Note rate » 5/1, 7/1, and 10/1 ARM (fully amortizing 30 year term). Index: 1 Year LIBOR; - Margin: 3.50% 		
	 Floor: 3.50% Caps: 2/2/5 5/1, 7/1 10/1 ARM 5/1 ARM qualify at the greater of fully indexed rate or Note Rate plus 2% 7/1 and 10/1 ARM qualify at the greater of the fully indexed rate or Note rate Assumable 		
	- No conversion option		
Occupancy	 Primary Residence Owner-Occupied One to Four (1-4) units Second Homes – eligible subject to the following: 		
	 One (1) unit property only Must be suitable for year round use, Must be occupied by the borrower for some portion of the year Must be a reasonable distance from the borrower's primary residence, 		
	 Cannot be subject to any agreement that gives a management company control over the occupancy; the borrower must have exclusive control over the property, Any rental income received from the property cannot be used as qualifying income Investment Properties – eligible subject to the following: One to Four (1-4) units 		
	 Investment transactions must be arm's length Gift funds ineligible Appraiser must provide a comparable rent schedule Florida condo - maximum 50% LTV/CLTV/HCLTV First time homebuyers are not allowed Cash-out transactions: REMN WS requires a signed Borrower Certification -Business Purpose of Investment Property and a signed letter from the borrower that cash-out is for business purposes. 		
Maximum # of Financed	 Borrowers are limited to maximum of four (4) financed 1-4 unit residential properties NOTE: Financed commercial properties or multi-family 5+ units are excluded from this limitation regardless of occupancy 		
Properties Owned	 a 1-4 unit properties held in the name of an LLC or other corporation can be excluded from the number of properties-owned calculation if the borrower is not personally obligated on the mortgage. 		
	» Documentation to confirm the PITIA, HOA, lease payment, and any additional property related expenses must be provided.		
	» Three (3) months PITIA on each financed property (in addition to subject property requirements)		
Non-Arm's	 » REMN WS limits its exposure to a maximum of four (4) loans per borrower. » A non-arm's length transaction is a purchase transaction where there is a relationship or business affiliation between the buyer and seller of the property. Non-arm's transactions are ineligible with the 		
Length or Identity-of- Interest	exceptions noted below. » The following non-arm's length transactions are eligible: - Family sales or transfers,		
Transactions	 Property sellers representing themselves as the agent in the real estate transaction Buyers/borrowers representing themselves as the agent in the real estate transaction The borrower is the employee of the originating lender and the lender has an established employee loan program. Renter buying from landlord with 24 months cancelled checks to verify satisfactory pay history. 		
	NOTE: Investment property transactions must be arm's length, no exceptions.		
Escrow/Impound Account	 Solution > 80% LTV recommended but not required > 80% LTV required unless prohibited by applicable laws 		



	PRODUCT OVERVIEW
Power of Attorney	 A Power of Attorney (POA) is allowed on a case-by-case basis on Purchase and Limited Cash-Out Refinance transactions subject to all of the following: Must be specific to the transaction Attorney-in-fact must be a relative (as defined by Fannie Mae), a fiancé, fiancée, or domestic partner of the borrower. The person(s) granting the power of attorney must match the name on the security instrument
	 Must include the borrower name, property address and loan amount The POA must be fully executed and notarized and must be valid at the time the affected loan documents were signed
	- The borrower must sign the application and disclosures - REMN WS to review and approve prior to loan closing The DOA reveal by recorded bloom with the application and the property is a transport.
	 The POA must be recorded along with the security instrument/ mortgage. Not permitted for cash out refinances Not permitted for a Texas Section 50a6 (Texas Equity) transaction
Subordinate Financing	 Subordinate financing is eligible as follows: Institutional financing up to the maximum LTV/CLTV/HCLTV allowed. Seller subordinate financing is not allowed. LTV/CLTV/HCLTV guidelines must be met for loans with subordinate financing Subordinate liens must be recorded and clearly subordinate to the first mortgage lien. If there will be an outstanding balance on the subordinate lien at closing, the monthly payment must be included in the DTI calculation Full disclosure must be made on the existence of subordinate financing and the repayment terms The following types of subordinate financing are eligible:
	 Deferred payments for a period of time prior that change to fully amortizing payments, Deferred payments over the entire term Forgiveness of debt over time Balloon payment of no less than five (5) years or the borrower must have sufficient liquidity to pay off the subordinate lien



		TRANSACTION ELIGIBILITY	
Purchase	-	if the sales price was increased after the original appraisal was completed if:	
Agreements	- The appraised value is higher than the originally contracted sales price that was provided to the appraiser, and		
Amended / Renegotiated	The new purchase agreement and/or addendum to the purchase agreement is dated after the appraisal, and		
	• •	nly change to the purchase agreement was the sales price.	
	» If the purcha	ase agreement was renegotiated after the completion of the appraisal, the LTV will be lower of the original purchase price or the appraised value, unless:	
	closing	e-negotiation was only for seller paid closing costs and/or pre-paids where the seller paid g costs/pre-paids are common and customary for the area and are supported by the arables, or	
	made	urchase contract was amended for a new construction property due to improvements that impact the tangible value of the property. An updated appraisal report must be ed to validate the value of the improvements.	
Refinance Transactions	Limited Cash- Out Refinance	» Properties that were listed for sale in the 6 months prior to the application date are eligible for a rate/term refinance subject to the following:	
Transactions	(Rate-Term)	- Subject property must be a primary residence or second home, and	
	,	 Documentation must be provided to show cancellation of listing, and Borrower to provide letter of explanation that details the reasons for 	
		cancellation of the listing.	
		NOTE: Investment properties listed for sale in the prior 6 months are ineligible.	
		 Properties listed for sale, at the time of application, are ineligible. A rate/term refinance is limited to the payoff of the current first lien, any seasoned 	
		A rate/term refinance is limited to the payoff of the current first lien, any seasoned non-first lien, and closing costs and prepays.	
		 A seasoned non-first lien mortgage is a purchase money mortgage or a mortgage that has been in place 12 months. 	
		 If the first mortgage is a HELOC, evidence it was a purchase money HELOC or evidence it is a seasoned HELOC that has been in place for 12 months and total draws in the most recent 12 months were not > \$2,000. Withdrawal activity must be documented with a transaction history for the HELOC. 	
		LTV/CLTV Determination	
		» < 12 months seasoning (measured from prior Note date to Note date of the new loan):	
		 The LTV/CLTV/HCLTV is based on the lesser of the original purchase price or appraised value. 	
		NOTE: If improvements have been made to the property since the purchase, the LTV/CLTV/HCLTV may be based on the lesser of the current appraised value or the original purchase price plus documented improvements. Receipts are required to document the cost of improvements.	
		» ≥ 12 months seasoning (measured from prior Note date to Note date of the new loan):	
		 The LTV/CLTV/HCLTV is based on the current appraised value. Cash-back to the borrower on a rate/term refinance limited to 1% of the principal balance of the new loan. 	
		» Properties inherited < 12 months prior to application are eligible for a rate/term refinance subject to the following:	
		 Must have clear title or copy of probate evidencing the borrower was awarded the property, and 	
		 A copy of the will or probate document must be provided, along with the buy- out agreement signed by all beneficiaries, and 	
		 Borrower retains sole ownership of the property after the pay out of the other beneficiaries, and 	
		- Cash-back to the borrower cannot exceed 1% of the loan amount.	



		TRANSACTION ELIGIBILITY
Refinance	Cash-Out	» Six (6) months prior to the application date unless the requirements under the <u>Delayed</u>
Transactions	Refinances	Financing section are met.
(Cont'd)	Kemiances	» Properties that were listed for sale in the 12 months prior to the application date are ineligible for a cash-out refinance
(60.110 0.7		Cash-out eligible on primary residence, second home, and investment transactions.
		» Cash-out transactions may include the unpaid principal balance of the existing first
		mortgage plus closing costs, points, the amount to pay-off any outstanding subordinate
		mortgage lien(s) of any age and additional cash that the borrower may use for any purpose.
		Maximum cash-out is limited to the amount indicated on the Cash-Out Refinance matrix
		on page 1. The maximum cash-out limitations include the payoff of any unsecured
		debt, unseasoned liens and any cash in hand.
		 Properties inherited < 12 months from the application date are ineligible for cash-out; 12 months ownership is required.
		» The refinance of mortgage loans that involve the refinance of subordinate liens not used
		in whole to purchase the subject property. This includes home improvement loans,
		HELOC and second mortgage loans obtained for taking equity out of the property, even if a portion of the subordinate lien was used to purchase the property. However, if such
		subordinate lien has been outstanding form more than 2 years and there has not been
		a draw on the subordinate lien in the past 12 months then the new loan will not be
		considered a cash-out refinance.
		LTV/CLTV Determination
		NOTE: If capital improvements have been made to the property since the purchase, the
		LTV/CLTV/HCLTV may be based on the lesser of the current appraised value
		or the original purchase price plus documented improvements. Receipts are
		required to document the cost of improvements. » ≥ 12 months seasoning: The LTV/CLTV/HCLTV is based on the appraised value.
		Pledged Asset
		» Cash-out refinance transaction where the borrower is paying off a loan from a pledged
		asset or retirement account loan, are subject to the following: - Cash-out limitation is waived if previous transaction was a purchase,
		- The purchase must have been arm's length,
		- Six month seasoning requirement for cash-out is waived,
		- Funds used to purchase the property must be documented and sourced,
		- HUD-1/CD must reflect payoff or pay down of pledged asset loan or retirement
		account loan. If cash-out proceeds exceed payoff of loans, the excess cash is
		subject to applicable cash-out limits,
		- Investment properties are ineligible. Subordinate Lien
	All	Released subordinate liens must be paid off and closed to exclude from the
	Refinances	CLTV/HCLTV calculation on both rate/term and cash-out refinance transactions.
	Financing	The following applies when real estate taxes are financed:
	Real Estate	» Limited Cash-out Refinance: A loan is ineligible as a limited cash-out refinance and
	Taxes	must be considered a cash-out transaction when: - The borrower finances the payment of real estate taxes for the subject property
		The borrower finances the payment of real estate taxes for the subject property in the loan amount but does not establish an escrow account, or
		- The borrower finances the payment of real estate taxes that are more than 60
		days delinquent for the subject property in the loan amount.
		NOTE: If considered cash-out, only eligible on primary residence
		» Cash-out Refinance: A loan with financed real estate taxes that are more than 60 days delinquent is eligible as long as an escrow account is established. If an escrow account
		is not established the loan is ineligible .



		TRANSACTION ELIGIBILITY
Refinance Transactions (Cont'd) Continuity of Obligation		 A continuity of obligation is required on refinance transactions. Continuity of obligation is met when at least one borrower on the existing mortgage is also a borrower on the new refinance transaction and is measured from the date of the event (such as transfer of title) to the disbursement date of the new refinance transaction. NOTE: Continuity of obligation does not apply to properties owned free and clear (i.e. no mortgage lien) due to the borrower purchasing the property with all cash or the prior mortgage that the borrower was obligated on has been paid in full.
		» Exemptions to the above continuity of obligation requirements are:
		The borrower was added to the title 24 months or more prior to the disbursement date of the new refinance transaction, or
		The borrower has been on title for at least 12 months but is not obligated on the existing mortgage and one of the following applies:
		 Has paid the mortgage (including any subordinate financing) for the last 12 months, or
		Can demonstrate a relationship (relative, domestic partner, etc.) with the current obligor
		- The borrower has been added to title through a transfer from a trust or a limited liability company (LLC) as long as the borrower was a beneficiary/creator of the trust or a 25% or more owner of the LLC/partnership prior to the transfer and the transferring entity and/or borrower has had consecutive ownership (on title) for at least the most recent 6 months prior to the transfer.
		NOTE: Transfer of ownership from a corporation to an individual does not meet the continuity of obligation requirement
		 The borrower recently inherited, or was legally awarded, the property (divorce, separation, or dissolution of a domestic partnership). There is no waiting period in these instances.
		» If the continuity of obligation requirement does not exist, or one of the exemptions outlined above do not apply, the loan is ineligible.
	Delayed Financing	 Delayed financing is the refinance of a property the borrower purchased for all cash within 6 months of the application date for the refinance transaction. The following applies: Transaction is considered a rate/term refinance, The LTV/CLTV is calculated based on the lesser of:
	Texas Section 50(a)(6)	Not eligible



TRANSACTION ELIGIBILITY

Conversion of Construction-to-Permanent

- » The conversion of construction-to-permanent financing involves the granting of a long-term mortgage to a borrower for the purpose of replacing interim construction financing that the borrower has obtained to fund the construction of a new residence and is eligible subject to the following:
 - The borrower must hold title to the lot, which may have been previously acquired or purchased as part of the transaction
 - Rate/term and cash-out transactions:
 - Lots owned ≥ 12 months the LTV/CLTV is based on the current appraised value
 - Lots owned < 12 months the LTV/CLTV is based on the lesser of:
 - The current appraised value, or
 - The total acquisition costs (sum of construction costs and purchase price of lot)
- » <u>NOTE</u>: Timeframe for ownership is measured from the date the lot was purchased to the Note date of the subject transaction.



BORROWER ELIGIBILITY

Eligible Borrowers

- » All borrowers are required to have a valid Social Security number; Tax ID / ITIN is **not** eligible.
- » U.S. Citizens
- » Permanent Resident Aliens
 - Must provide documentation to verify they are legally present in the U.S. Eligible documentation:
 - A valid and current Permanent Resident Alien card (Form I-551) aka Green Card, or
 - A passport stamped "Processed for I-551, temporary evidence of lawful admission for permanent residence. Valid until _____. Employment authorized"
 - Must be employed in the U.S. for the previous two (2) years
- » Inter-Vivos Revocable Trust Eligible subject to the following:
 - The trust must be established by one or more natural persons, solely or jointly,
 - The primary beneficiary of the trust must be the individual(s) who established the trust,
 - If the trust is established jointly, there may be more than one primary beneficiary as long as the income or assets of at least one of the individuals establishing the trust will be used to qualify for the mortgage.
 - The trustee(s) must include the individual establishing the trust (or at least one of the individuals, if there are two or more),

NOTE: Institutional trustees are ineligible.

- The trustee must have the power to mortgage the security property for the purpose of securing a loan to the party (or parties) who are the borrower(s) under the mortgage or Note
- The mortgage must be underwritten as if the individual establishing the trust (or at least one of the individuals, if there are two or more) were the borrower (or co-borrower, if there are additional individuals whose income or assets will be used to qualify for the mortgage)
- » Non-permanent Resident Aliens Eligible subject to the following:
 - Primary residence only
 - Maximum 80% LTV/CLTV
 - 20, 25, 30 year fixed rate only
 - Unexpired H-1B, H-2B, E1, L1 and G Series visas only. G Series visas with diplomatic immunity are ineligible.
 - Credit tradeline requirements detailed in this guideline must be met, no exceptions, and
 - Borrower must have current 24 months employment history in the U.S.

» First Time Homebuyers (borrowers who have not owned a property in the past 3 years)

- If multiple borrowers are on the loan and at least one borrower has owned a home, the FTHB restrictions do **not** apply.
- FTHBs eligible subject to the following:
 - Maximum loan amount of \$1,000,000* (see exception below)
 - Primary residence only. Second home and investment property ineligible
 - Minimum 680 credit score
 - · Reserves required as follows:

≤ \$1,000,000 loan amount with LTV ≤ 80%	6 months PITIA reserves
≤ \$1,000,000 loan amount with LTV > 80%	9 months PITIA reserves
\$1,000,001 to \$1,500,000 loan amount: 9 months	9 months PITIA reserves

- *Exception:
 - First time homebuyer purchasing a property in the states of CA, CT, NJ, and NY are eligible for loan amounts up to \$1,500,000 subject to meeting all of the other FTHB requirements stated above.



BORROWER ELIGIBILITY
Illinois Land Trust – Eligible subject to the following:

Eligible Borrowers (Cont'd)

- Parties to the Illinois Land trusts are as follows:
 - Beneficiary: The person(s) who benefit from the trust, and must be an individual and
 must be an individual and the mortgage applicant. The beneficiary must be the recipient
 of the trusts benefits and is considered to have beneficial title (ownership of the
 property). The land trust beneficiaries must execute the Note and guarantee the
 payment of the mortgage
 - **Trustee**: The trustee has the authority to mortgage the property and to administer the trust. The trustee can only be an institutional trustee that customarily performs trust functions and who is authorized under state law to act as trustee.
 - **Trustor/Settlor/Grantor**: Typically called the "grantor", this is the party or parties who created the trust and contributed the property to the trust.
- Eligibility Requirements:
 - At least one individual establishing the trust must be a borrower on the loan
 - Occupancy must be primary residence or second home
 - The title insurance policy must ensure full title protection and must indicate that title to the subject property is vested in the name of the trustee(s). The policy may not list any exceptions arising from the trust ownership of the property.
- Title
- Full title to the property must be vested as:
 - Solely in the trustees, or
 - Jointly in the trustees and in the name of an individual borrower.
- Trust Agreement Requirements
 - The trust is established by a written document during the lifetime of the individual establishing the trust to be effective during their lifetime,
 - The individual establish the trust has reserved the right to revoke or alter the trust during their lifetime.
 - The trustee has the power to mortgage the subject property for the purpose of securing a loan at the instruction of the beneficiary(s),
 - The primary beneficiary of the trust is the individual establishing the trust. If more than
 one individual established the trust jointly, there may be e more than one primary
 beneficiary.
 - The beneficiaries must have the sole power of direction over the trust and trustee.

Non-Occupant Co-Borrowers: Eligible subject to all of the following:

- One unit primary residence
- Purchase and rate/term refinance transactions
- Maximum loan amount \$1,000,000; \$1,500,000 allowed for properties located in CA, CT, NJ, NY
- Maximum 80% LTV/CLTV
- Non-occupant co-borrower must be an immediate family member
- Additional six (6) months reserves required. Refer to Post-Closing Reserves for requirements
- No minimum down payment required from the occupant borrower. Down payment and/or reserve funds may come from the occupant and/or non-occupant co-borrower.
- Blended ratios allowed; maximum DTI is 43%
- Transaction must be arm's length

Ineligible Borrowers

- Foreign Nationals
- » Land Trusts (except Illinois Land Trust)
- » Limited partnerships, general partnerships, corporations and LLCs
- » Borrowers with diplomatic immunity
- » Borrowers without a social security number or a number that cannot be validated with the SSA. An ITIN is not eligible.
- » Borrowers with non-traditional credit
- » Life Estates,
- » Non-revocable trusts,
- » Guardianships
- » First time homebuyer purchasing a second home or investment property



BORROWER ELIGIBILITY

Borrower Ownership Interest

- » Title must be in the borrower's name at time of application for refinance transactions and at the time of closing for all transactions.
- » Borrowers may hold title as follows:
 - Fee Simple with vesting as:
 - Individual, or
 - Joint tenants, or
 - Tenants in common
 - Leasehold Estate
 - If commonly accept in the area lease holds are eligible subject to:
 - The mortgage must be secured by the property improvements and the borrower's leasehold interest in the land, and
 - The leasehold estate and the improvements must constitute real property, and
 - Must be subject to the mortgage lien, and
 - Be insured by the lender's title policy.



	CREDIT & UNDERWRITING	
Ability-To-Repay (ATR)	All loans must meet Ability to Repay (ATR) requirements. All of the following criteria must be considered when determining if the borrower has sufficient income and assets to repay the loan.	
	- Current or reasonable expected income or assets,	
	- Current employment status,	
	Monthly payment on the covered transaction,Monthly payment on any simultaneous loan,	
	- Monthly payment for mortgage-related obligations,	
	- Current debt obligations, alimony and child support,	
	- Credit history, and	
	- Debt-to-Income (DTI) ratio	
	The loan file must include documentation of the borrower's ability to repay.	
Age of	All credit, income and asset documentation cannot be more than 90 days old at funding	
Documents	Appraisal documents cannot be more than 120 days old at funding.	
	Title commitment cannot be more than 90 days old at funding	
Credit	Minimum credit score per matrices on pages 1 & 2 An individual borrower's representative credit score is determined as follows:	
Reports/Scores	- If there are three (3) valid scores, the middle score is used. If two of the three scores are a duplicate, the duplicate score is used.	
	- If there are two (2) valid scores, the lower of the two is used	
	The representative score for the loan is the lowest representative score for all borrowers.	
	REMN WS will accept a credit report, in the broker's name, from any Fannie Mae acceptable credit	
	vendor. A tri-merged credit report is required for all borrowers.	
	Credit reports showing as "frozen" with a credit bureau will require the freeze to be removed and a r	าew
	credit report, with all bureaus "unfrozen", is required. The borrower(s) must address, in writing, all credit inquiries indicated on the credit report within the previous 120 days and indicate the reason for and result of the inquiry (i.e. was new credit obtained not). If new credit was obtained, a verification of that debt must be provided and the borrower must qualified with the monthly payment. Examples:	or
	- Acceptable Response: Chase, Wells & Bank of America credit pulled while searching for a	
	mortgage on property located at 123 Main Street; no credit was obtained.	
	 Unacceptable Response: "We did not accept any credit for the inquiries listed on our credit report: or "We did not accept any credit from Chase, Wells & Bank of America" (neither response specifically addresses both the inquiry and disposition). 	nse
	If additional debt was obtained or discovered or the borrower's income is reduced after the underwriting decision was made the following applies:	
	 The additional debt(s) and reduced income must be applied and determined if the loan still qualifies, 	
	- If there is new subordinate debt on the subject property, the loan must be re-underwritten, a	
	 The final loan application signed by the borrower(s) must include all income and debt verified disclosed or identified 	d,
	The credit report cannot be more than 90 days old at funding.	
	 Court Ordered Assignment of Debt Debt that has been assigned by order of the court is not required to be included in the 	
	borrower's DTI calculations if the following is provided:	
	 Copy of the court order, and Mortgage debt requires a copy of the document transferring ownership of property, and 	4
	 If transfer of ownership has not taken place, any late payments associated with the 	1
	repayment of the debt owing on the mortgage property should be considered when reviewing the borrower's credit profile.	



	CREDIT & UNDERWRITING		
Credit History	» Minimum three (3) tradelines that meet the following requirements:		
Credit History	 One must be open for 24 months and active within the most recent 6 months, and 		
	 The 2 remaining tradelines must be rated for 12 months and may be open or closed, OR 		
	» Minimum (two) 2 tradelines are acceptable if the borrower has a satisfactory mortgage rating for at		
	least 12 months (open or closed) within the last 24 months, and one (1) additional open tradeline		
	 In addition to meeting the aforementioned minimum credit tradeline requirements: Each borrower contributing income for qualifying must meet the minimum tradeline 		
	requirements; borrowers not contributing qualifying income are not subject to tradeline		
	requirements.		
	- Authorized user tradelines cannot be used to satisfy tradeline requirements.		
	- Non-traditional credit cannot be used to satisfy tradeline requirements		
Mortgage/Rental	» 1x30 in the previous 12 months or 2x30 in the previous 24 months. If any mortgage lates, they cannot have occurred in the three (3) months prior to the new transaction.		
History	» If the borrower(s) have a mortgage/rental history within the most recent 24 months, a Verification of		
	Mortgage (VOM) or Verification of Rent (VOR) must be obtained. The requirement applies to all borrowers on the loan. A VOR is not acceptable when:		
	- The landlord is a party to the transaction or a relative of the borrower. Cancelled checks or		
	bank statements to verify satisfactory rent history will be required in lieu of a VOR.		
	» Mortgage must be current for the month closing.		
Installment Debt	» Installment debt is considered as a recurring monthly debt obligation and included in the borrower's long-term debt when there is ≥ ten (10) months payments' remaining.		
	» Installment debt with < ten (10) months remaining (9 months or less) will be considered as a recurring		
	monthly debt obligation if it significantly affects the borrower's ability to meet their credit obligations.		
	» Car lease payments must be included in the monthly debt obligation regardless of the number		
	of remaining payments. » Installment debt cannot be paid down to qualify.		
	Installment debt cannot be paid down to qualify. Installment debt can be paid off for qualification. If the account is paid off and closed documentation.		
	that the account was closed must be provided and verified prior to loan disbursement. The payoff		
	must be shown on the HUD-1/CD		
	All accounts must be current at closing No adverse credit reported on installment accounts for the previous 36months		
	» Revolving debt is considered part of the borrower's recurring monthly debt. Revolving debt includes		
Revolving Debt	credit cards and personal lines of credit (equity lines, secured by real estate, are included in the		
	housing expense). Revolving debt is subject to the following:		
	 If the monthly payment is not included on the credit report, the greater of \$10 or 5% of the outstanding balance is used to determine the monthly payment 		
	Payoff or pay down of debt solely to qualify the borrower is carefully evaluated and will be		
	considered in the overall loan analysis by the underwriter. Generally the following applies:		
	Revolving accounts that will be paid off and closed, a monthly payment is not required to		
	be included in the debt ratio. Documentation that the account was closed must be provided and verified prior to loan disbursement. The payoff must be shown on the HUD-		
	1/CD		
	 Revolving debt that will be paid off, but not closed, will require the current monthly 		
	payment, or 5% of the current outstanding balance (if monthly payment is not included on		
	the credit report) to be included in the long-term debt. No adverse credit reported on revolving accounts for the previous 36 months		
Open 30-Day	» If the credit report reflects an open-end or 30-day account, the balance owed must be subtracted from the borrower's liquid assets.		
Charge Accounts	·		
Student Loans	» All student loans, whether deferred, in forbearance, or in repayment, the monthly payment used for qualifying is the greater of the following:		
	- 1% of the outstanding balance, or		
	- The actual documented payment. If the actual documented payment is < 1% of the		
	outstanding balance and it will fully amortize the loan with no payment adjustments, the		
	lower fully amortizing payment may be used. NOTE: If the credit report does not indicate the monthly payment, payment letters/forbearance		
	agreements etc. must be obtained to determine the monthly payment.		



	CREDIT & UNDERWRITING		
Child Support/Separate Maintenance Payments	 Child support or separate maintenance payments that are required to be paid due to a divorce decree, separation agreement or other legal document must be included in the borrower's monthly debt obligations if they will continue for ≥ ten (10) months. Voluntary support payments are not required to be considered in the DTI calculation. 		
Alimony Payments	» Alimony payments may be deducted from the borrower's income rather than included as a liability in the debt-to-income (DTI) ratio.		
Taxes Owed by Borrower/Tax Extension	» If the most recent tax return or a tax extension indicate a borrower owes money to the IRS or applicable State Tax Authority, evidence of sufficient assets to pay the debt must be documented if the amount due is within ninety (90) days of loan application date.		
Derogatory Credit – Bankruptcy	 Seven (7) year waiting period, measured from discharge/dismissal date to the disbursement date of the new loan. Seasoning period applies to all BK's (Chapter 7, Chapter 11 & Chapter 13) Refer to the <u>Extenuating Circumstances</u> topic below for exceptions 		
Derogatory Credit - Foreclosure	 Seven (7) year waiting period, measured from completion date to the disbursement date of the new loan, is required. Refer to the <u>Extenuating Circumstances</u> topic below for exceptions 		
Derogatory Credit – Deed-In- Lieu/Pre- Foreclosure/Short- Sale/Short Payoff	 Seven (7) year seasoning is required. This seasoning period requirement includes: Mortgage accounts that were settled for less than payoff, and/or Negotiated payoffs or Short Payoff Refer to the Extenuating Circumstances topic below for exceptions 		
Derogatory Credit – Extenuating Circumstances	 If the derogatory credit event (bankruptcy, foreclosure, deed-in-lieu, short sale, short pay-off, etc.) is seasoned between four (4) years and seven (7) years and was due to documented extenuating circumstances, REMN WS will, on a case-by-case exception basis, consider the transaction. Documentation supporting the extenuating circumstance (e.g. layoff notice, death certificate, medical bills, etc.) must be provided with the request for exception. 		
Derogatory Credit - Loan Modifications	 Loan modifications allowed if seasoned a minimum of twenty-four (24 months) Payments on the modified loan are 0x30 in the previous twenty-four (24) months. 		
Collection Accounts	Medical Collection Accounts Medical collection accounts may remain outstanding as long as the cumulative total of all medical collections are less than \$10,000. Non-Medical Collection Accounts The following applies to non-medical collection accounts: 1-Unit Owner-Occupied Primary Residence: Borrowers are not required to pay off outstanding balance, regardless of the amount. 2-4 Unit Owner-Occupied Primary Residence and 1-Unit Second Home Collections totaling more than \$5,000 must be paid off prior to or at closing. 1-4 Unit Investment Properties Individual accounts equal to or greater than \$250 and accounts that total more than \$1,000 must be paid in full prior to or at closing.		
	NOTE: At REMN WS Underwriter discretion, the payoff of collection accounts may be required.		



CREDIT & UNDERWRITING			
Judgments/Tax Liens/Charge- Offs/Past-Due Accounts	Open judgments, tax liens, charge-offs and past-due accounts must be satisfied or brought current prior to or at closing. Cash-out proceeds from the subject transaction may not be used to satisfy judgments, tax liens, charge-offs or past-due accounts. Documentation of sufficient funds to satisfy these obligations must be obtained. NOTE: Payment plans on prior year tax liens/liabilities are ineligible; must be paid in full prior to or at closing.		
Consumer Credit Counseling		who have participated in consumer credit counseling are eligible if they meet all other rements (minimum credit score, no mortgage lates, no short sales, no modifications, etc.)	
Disputed Accounts	documenta » Derogatory a	tradelines must be included in the DTI if the account belongs to the borrower unless tion can be provided that authenticates the dispute. accounts must be considered in analyzing the borrower's willingness to repay unless the account has a zero balance and no late payments; then it can be disregarded.	
Delinquent Child Support		child support must be paid current or in a payment plan. by-case basis, this requirement may be waived subject to REMN WS underwriter review.	
Contingent Liabilities	Business Debt	 Business debt that appears on a self-employed borrower's personal credit report requires documentation that the debt is paid from company funds and considered in the cash flow analysis for the borrower's business. Business debt does not need to be considered as part of the borrower's individual recurring monthly debt when: The account does not have a history of delinquency, and Documentation is provided that the debt was paid from the borrower's business funds (e.g. 12 months cancelled business checks), and The cash-flow analysis of the business took payment of the obligation into consideration. If documentation of payment from the business funds cannot be provided, or there is history of delinquency on the account, or the debt is not included in the business cash flow the debt must be considered as part of the borrower's individual recurring debt obligation. 	
	Assumption w/ No Release of Liability	 Co-signed debt is not required to be included in the borrower's DTI calculation if all of the following applies: Documentation is provided that the borrower is not primarily responsible for payment of the debt, and The credit report indicates no late payments on the account, and Twelve (12) months most recent consecutive cancelled checks are provided documenting the primary party obligated on the debt has been making the payments (the checks cannot be from an account co-owned with the borrower). Co-signed debt must be included in the borrower's DTI calculation if: It cannot be properly documented that the primary party obligated on the loan is making the payments, or A twelve (12) month pay history, by the primary party, cannot be established, or The credit report indicates there have been late payments on the debt, or Another party is making the payments but the borrower is the only party responsible for the debt. The debt on a previous mortgage may be excluded from DTI with evidence the borrower no longer owns the property. The following applies: The mortgage on the assumed property is 0x30 in the previous 12 months, and The value of the assumed property is ≤ 75% LTV, as established by an appraisal or the HUD-1/CD 	



CREDIT & UNDERWRITING				
Home Equity Line of Credit (HELOC)	 If the subject transaction is paying off a HELOC that is not included in the CLTV/HCLTV calculation, the loan file must contain evidence the HELOC has been closed HELOCs with a current outstanding balance with no payment reflected on the credit report may have the payment documented with a current billing statement. HELOCs with a current \$0 balance do not need a payment included in the DTI unless using for HELOC funds for a down payment or closing costs. 			
Debt-to-Income Ratio (DTI)	 » Maximum DTI as follows: Fixed and ARMs ≤ 80% LTV: 43% (including transactions with non-occupant co-borrowers blended ratios) Fixed and ARMs > 80% LTV: 38% No exceptions to the maximum DTI are allowed. 			
	 The DTI is based on the total of existing monthly liabilities plus any planned future liabilities based on credit inquiries or as disclosed by the borrower and then divided by the calculated gross monthly income. Liabilities must include housing, revolving and installment debt, real estate loans, rent, child support, and any other consistent and recurring debt. If the borrower owns other properties documentation must be provided to confirm the PITI, HOA dues, lease payments and any other property-related expenses. 			
	 » Balloon payment Note that will come due within one year of loan closing must be considered in the borrower's liability » HELOCs with a current outstanding balance with no payment reflected on the credit report may have the payment documented with a current billing statement. - HELOCs with a current \$0 balance do not need a payment included in the DTI unless using 			
Employment	for HELOC funds for a down payment or closing costs. » A two (2) year employment and income history is required for both wage earner and self-employed			
Limpleyment	borrowers. » Gaps in employment > 30 days during the past 2 years require a satisfactory letter of explanation and the borrower must be employed with their current employer for a minimum of 6 months to include as qualifying income.			
	 Exceptions may be considered on a case-by-case basis when the borrower has been employed < 6 months and the gap in employments was < 6 months. Extended gaps of employment (≥ 6 months) require a documented 2 year work history prior to the gap 			
	» A verbal verification of employment (VVOE) is required within seven (7) business days of the Note date or funding date for escrow states for salaried borrowers and within seven (7) business days of the Note date or funding date for escrow states for self-employed borrowers.			
	 The VVOE for wage earners should contain the following information: Date of contact, Borrower's date of employment, 			
	 Name of employer Name, phone number and title of the person contacted at the employer The name and person contacting the employer, and The method and source used to obtain the phone number NOTE: The VVOE for wage earners must cover two full years of employment including any prior 			
	 employment if the borrower has changed employers in the previous two years. The VVOE for self-employed borrowers (individuals who have a 25% or greater ownership interest in a business) the following applies: Verification of the existence of the borrower's business from a third party source, such as a CPA, regulatory agency, or applicable licensing bureau. NOTE: The borrower's website is not an acceptable 3rd party verification source. 			
	 Provide the listing and address of the borrower's business using a telephone book, internet, or directory assistance 			
	 Name and title of the person completing the verification. Wage earners require a current paystub with YTD income. The pay stub must be computer generated and clearly identify the borrower as the employee. 			



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	EMPLOYMENT & INCOME		
Employment (cont.)	 Paystubs issued electronically via email or downloaded from the internet must show all of the following: The URL address, 		
	 Date and time printed, and Identifying information on place of origin and/or author of the documentation. 		
	NOTE: A fully completed written VOE is only acceptable as a supplement to the VVOE to further		
	explain the type of income earned (e.g. breakdown of base, OT, bonus, commission, etc.) Most recent W-2s are required for wage earners and must be employer generated copies.		
Income	» A minimum of two (2) years employment and income history is required.		
Income	 Stable monthly income is the borrower's verified gross monthly income from all acceptable and verifiable sources and there must be a reasonable expectation it will continue for a minimum of three (3) years. 		
	» Full income verification is required.		
	» Gaps in employment > 30 days during the past two (2) years require a satisfactory letter of explanation and the borrower must be employed with their current employer for a minimum of 6 months to include as qualifying income.		
	 Exceptions may be considered on a case-by-case basis when the borrower has been employed < 6 months and the gap in employments was < 6 months. 		
	- Extended gaps of employment (≥ 6 months) require a documented 2 year work history prior		
	to the gap » An income analysis form (Fannie Mae Form 1084 Cash Flow Analysis or its equivalent) is required detailing income calculations. Income analysis for borrowers with multiple employers, businesses or income sources must show income/loss details separately, not in aggregate.		
	» Wage earner borrowers:		
	At minimum, a current paystub with YTD earnings and the most recent two (2) years W-2 forms or tax returns are required Solf amplicated because:		
	 Self-employed borrowers: Copy of the most recent 2-years signed federal individual and business tax returns with 		
	all schedules.		
	» Refer to the <u>Income Documentation Requirements</u> section for complete documentation requirements.		
	 Residual income is required. Refer to the <u>Residual Income</u> section for detailed requirements. When tax returns are used for qualifying the following applies: 		
	 Personal tax returns must include all schedules (W-2 forms, K-1s, etc.) and be signed and dated on or before closing 		
	- Business tax returns (if applicable) must be signed and include all schedules		
	 When the borrowers have unfiled prior years' tax returns the following applies: Between Jan 1st and the tax filing date (typically April 15th) the borrower must provide: 		
	 IRS Form 1099 and the W-2 from the previous year NOTE: If the loan is closing in January and the borrower has not received their W-2 the 		
	prior year's year-end paystub may be provided. Borrowers using 1099s, evidence of receipt of 1099 income must be provided.		
	 Between the tax filing date and the extension expiration date (October 15th), borrowers must provide (as applicable): 		
	Copy of the filed extension,		
	Evidence of payment of any taxes owed as identified on the tax return,		
	W-2 forms,Form 1099 (if applicable),		
	Year-end signed profit and loss for the prior year, and		
	 Self-employed borrowers must provide balance sheet for the prior calendar year. 		
	NOTE: After the extension expiration date, the prior year tax returns are required.		
	Other sources of income are eligible for qualifying the borrower as long as it is considered stable and there is a reasonable expectation it will continue for a minimum of three (3) years.		
	» Income must be fully documented and must be averaged for the time period covered.		



	EMPLOYMENT & INCOME		
Declining Income	 If declining income has occurred, the most recent twelve (12) months should be used. Declining income must be analyzed to determine if the rate of decline would have a negative impact on the continuance of income and borrower's ability to repay. Declining income requires management review and approval. NOTE: If the decline is related to a one-time capital expenditure, a longer period of time for the averaging of income on a case-by-case basis. Documentation of the expenditure must be provided. 		
	Income Type	Documentation Requirements	
Income Documentation Requirements	Employment Income - Salaried	An earnings trend must be established and documented. Large increases in salary over the prior two (2) years must be explained and documented. The following documentation is required: W-2 forms or personal tax returns, including all schedules, for prior two years	
		Year-to-date pay stub up through and including the most current pay period at the time of application. Cannot be dated earlier than 90 days prior to the Note date	
		If the borrower receives overtime pay, it must be shown on the YTD pay stub.	
	Employment Income – Hourly and Part-Time	A two (2) year uninterrupted history working part-time at the job is required. Borrower must confirm plans to continue the part-time work.	
		Stable to increasing income should be averaged over a two (2) year period	
		If income shows a continual decline, written sound rationalization for using the income to qualify must be provided, or income should not be used.	
		The following documentation is required:	
		W-2s or personal tax returns for prior two (2) years.	
		Year-to-date pay stub that includes the most current pay period at the time of application	
	Employment Income – Employed by Family Member	 YTD paystub, and Two (2) years W-2s and Two (2) years personal tax returns (all schedules), and Verbal VOE Underwriter must address borrower's potential ownership 	
	Employment Income –	interest Commission income must be averaged over the previous two	
	Commission	(2) years. If the commission income shows a continual decline, the underwriter must provide written sound rationalization for using the income to qualify or income cannot be used.	
		W-2s for prior two years if commissions are < 25% of the total income.	
		 Tax returns, including all schedules, and W-2 forms from the previous two years if commissions are ≥ 25% of the total income. 	
		Unreimbursed business expenses (form 2106) must be subtracted from income. Year-to-date pay stub up through and including the most current pay period at the time of application. Paystub cannot be dated earlier than 90 days prior to Note date	
	Employment Income – 2106 Expenses	Employee business expenses must be deducted from the adjusted gross income.	



	EMPLC	YMENT & INCOME
Income	Income Type	Documentation Requirements
Documentation Requirements (Cont'd)	Employment Income – Overtime & Bonus	An earnings trend for bonus and overtime must be established and documented. A period of more than two years must be used in calculating the average overtime and bonus income if the income varies significantly from year to year. If either type of income shows a continual decline, written sound rationalization for using the income to qualify must be provided, or income should not be used. • W-2 forms or personal tax returns, including all
	Solf Employment Income	schedules, for prior two years. • Year-to-date paystub up through and including the most current pay period at time of application. Paystub cannot be dated earlier than 90 days prior to the Note date.
	Self-Employment Income	Self-employed borrowers are individuals who have 25% or greater ownership interest or receive a 1099 statement to document income.
	Self-Employment - Sole Proprietorship	 Year-to-date profit and loss (P&L) through the most recent quarter. Year-to-date balance sheet through the most recent quarter. NOTE: The most recent quarter is defined as the quarter ending no more than 1 month prior to the funding date If the borrower filed an extension for the prior year then the prior year P&L and the prior year balance sheet (January through December) for each business is also required. Personal tax returns, including all schedules, signed on or before the closing date, for the prior two years are required. Stable to increasing income should be averaged for two (2) years. NOTE: YTD P&L and YTD Balance Sheet may be waived if the borrower is a 1099 paid borrower who does not actually own a business if all of the following requirements are met: The total expenses (Schedule C Block 28) are < 5% of income (Schedule C Block 7), and Borrower cannot have any expenses listed on Schedule C under Blocks 8, 11,16a, 20, and 26, and Schedule C Blocks 17 and 18 indicate nominal or zero expenses, and Schedule C Block C does not have a separate business name entity, and A written VOE or pay history with YTD income is required from the employer paying the 1099 and the YTD income must support the prior year's income.
	Self-Employment - Corporation	 Two (2) years personal tax returns, signed on or before the closing date Two (2) years business returns (1120) signed if ≥25% ownership interest. Business returns must reflect percentage of ownership the borrower has in the business. Year-to-date profit and loss statement if ≥25% ownership interest Year-to-date balance sheet if ≥25% ownership interest Stable to increasing income should be averaged for two (2) years



EMPLOYMENT & INCOME				
Income	Income Type	Documentation Requirements		
Documentation Requirements (Cont'd)	Self-Employment – Partnership (General/Limited), S-Corps	 Year-to-date profit and loss (P&L) with an end date within ninety (90) days of funding for each business if ≥25% ownership. Must include current quarter. Balance sheet with an ending date within 90 days from the funding date for each business if ≥ 25% ownership 		
		 If the borrower filed an extension for the prior year then the prior year P&L and the prior year balance sheet (January through December) for each business is also required. Personal tax returns, including all schedules, signed on 		
		or before the closing date for prior two (2) years are required. » K-1s for prior two years, showing ownership percentage if		
		counting any income for qualifying from K-1 income, W-2 income, capital gains, or interest/dividends or of Schedule E reflects a loss.		
		 Business tax returns (1065/1120), including all schedules, for the prior two (2) years are required if the borrower has a 25% or greater ownership interest. Business returns are not required if the income reporting is positive, not declining and not counted as qualifying income 		
		» Stable to increasing income is averaged for two (2) years.		
	Rental Income – Except Departing Principal Residence (Refer to the Conversion of	» Lease agreements must be provided when rental income is used for qualifying for each rental property, including commercial properties listed on Schedule E in Part 1. Rent rolls are not allowed.		
	Principal Residence topic for additional information regarding pending sale and conversion to second home/investment)	» If the rental income on the current lease is less than the rental income reported on the tax returns the underwriter must provide written justification for using the income from the tax return. If there is no documented justification the lease amount, less expenses, will be considered for rental income.		
		» Personal tax returns for two (2) years are required		
		» Properties listed on Schedule E: Rental income is calculated using net rental income plus depreciation plus interest plus tax and insurance plus HOA fees (if applicable) divided by applicable months minus PITIA.		
		» Properties not on Schedule E: The net rental income is calculated using gross rents multiplied by 75% minus PITIA		
		» Net rental income may be added to the borrower's total monthly income. Net rental losses must be added to the borrower's total monthly obligations.		
		» If the subject property is the borrower's primary residence and is generating rental income, the full PITIA will be included in the borrower's total monthly obligation.		
	Social Security Income	» Surviving spouse/children benefits with a defined expiration date must have a remaining term of at least three years.		
		 Social Security income must be verified by a Social Security Administration benefit verification letter (sometimes called a "proof of income letter," "budget letter," "benefits letter," or "proof of award letter"). If any benefits expire within the first three full years of the loan, the income source may not be 		
		used in qualifying.		



EMPLOYMENT & INCOME		
Income	Income Type	Documentation Requirements
Documentation Requirements (Cont'd)	Retirement Income (Pension, Annuity, IRA Distributions)	 Existing distribution of assets from an IRA, 401K or similar retirement asset account must be sufficient to sustain income continuance for a minimum of three (3) years. If any retirement income will cease with the first 3 years of the loan, the income is ineligible. Verification of the assets is required, and Distribution must have been set-up at least six (6) months prior to history of receipt, OR Two (2) year history of receipt documented. NOTE: Distributions cannot be set up, or changed, solely for loan qualification purposes Document regular and continued receipt with any of the following: Letters from the organization providing the income, or Copies of retirement award letters, or Copies of federal income tax returns (signed and dated on or before the closing date), or Most recent IRS W-2 or 1099 forms, or Proof of current receipt with 2 months bank statements.
	Alimony, Separate Maintenance & Child Support	Bligible with a divorce decree, court ordered separation agreement, court decree, or other legal agreement provided that income will continue for at least three (3) years. NOTE: If the income is the borrower's primary income source and there is a defined expiration date (even if expiration date exceeds 3 years), the income may not be acceptable for qualifying purposes. Documentation evidencing that the borrower has been receiving full, regular, and timely payments for the past 12 months. Refer to the Non-Taxable Income section for guidance on child support income
	Capital Gains/Loss	 Capital gains for like assets may be considered as effective income if the gains are from similar assets for three (3) continuous years. The earnings trend or loss must be considered in the overall analysis of this income type. If the trend results in a gain, it may be added as effective income. If the trend consistently shows a loss, it must be deducted from the total income. Tax returns for the prior three years, including Schedule D to document receipt, are required. Gains must be consistent amounts from consistent sources. Documentation of assets similar to the assets reported as capital gains to support the continuation of the capital gain income is required
	Dividend/Interest Income	Interest and dividend income may be used for qualifying with documentation that supports a two (2) year history of receipt. - Prior two (2) year's tax returns required, and - Proof of asset(s) to support the continuation of interest and dividend income.



	EMPLC	YMENT & INCOME
Income	Income Type	Documentation Requirements
Documentation Requirements (Cont'd)	Stock Options & Restricted Stock Grants	May not be used as qualifying income unless income has been received for two (2) years as identified on the paystubs, W-2s and tax returns. Documentation must be provided that confirms continuance for a minimum of three (3) years at a level similar to the level received for the prior two (2) years. Calculation Requirements A two (2) year average of prior income received from restricted stock or stock options should be used to calculate the income, with the continuance based on the vesting schedule using a stock priced based on the 52 week low for the most recent 12 months reporting at the time of closing. The income used for
		 qualifying must be supported by future vesting based on the stock price used for qualifying and vesting schedule Vested restricted stock units and stock options cannot be used for reserves if using for income to qualify.
	Note Income	Income from a Note is eligible subject to the following: » A copy of the Note must document the amount, frequency and duration of payments. » Documentation substantiating regular receipt of Note income in the past twelve (12) months and the income is expected to continue for at least three (3) years is required » Evidence of Note income must be reflected on the borrower's tax returns.
	Trust Income	Income from trusts may be used if guaranteed and regular payments will continue for a minimum of three (3) years. » Regular receipt of trust income for the past 12 months must be documented. » A copy of the Trust Agreement or Trustee Statement which indicates the following: - Total amount of borrower-designated trust funds, - Terms of payment, - Duration of trust, and - Portion of income that is not taxable » Non-taxable trust income must include proof of distribution
	Foreign Income	Foreign income is eligible subject to the following: » W-2 forms or personal tax returns, including all schedules, for prior two (2) years to document receipt (income must be reported on two (2) years U.S. tax returns). » Year-to-date (YTD) most recent pay stub » All income must be converted to U.S. currency
	Non-Taxable Income (Child Support, Disability, Foster Care, Military, etc.)	 Eligible if documented income will continue for a minimum of three (3) years. Tax returns must confirm that income is non-taxable The amount of continuing tax savings attributed to the income not subject to federal taxes may be added to the borrower's gross income. The percentage of non-taxable income that may be added cannot exceed the appropriate tax rate for the income amount. Additional allowances for dependents are not allowed. Required documentation: The amount of income grossed-up for any non-taxable income source must be documented and supported,
		- The same tax rate the borrower used to calculate their income tax from the prior year should be used NOTE: If the borrower is not required to file a tax return, 25% is used as the tax rate.



		EMPLO'	YMENT & INC	OME		
Incomo	Income Type		Documentation Requirements			
Income	Trailing Spouse		Not eligible		•	
Documentation Requirements	Projected Incom	ne	Ineligible.			
(Cont'd)			 On a case-by-case basis, projected income may be considered if the borrower has a non-revocable contract 			
(Cont a)						
	and employment will start within 60 days of loan closing. REMN WS management approval required.				oan closing.	
				<u> </u>		
Residual Income			calculated for all tr	ansactions, based	d on the residual i	ncome
Residual income	requirements liste	d below:	ı			I
	Family Member(s) in	One	Two	Three	Four	Five
	Household*	Offe	IWO	Tillee	Four	rive
	Required					
	Residual	\$1,550.00	\$2,600.00	\$3,150.00	\$3,550.00	\$3,700.00
	Income					
		r each additional t	family member ov	er five (5) – i.e. 6	family members r	equires
	\$3,850.00. » Residual Inco	me – Gross Oua	lifying Income mir	us Monthly Deht	(as included in the	DTI ratio)
		esidence Pendin		ido Monthly Debt	(as included in the	D I I I I I I I I
Conversion of			ing a new primary	residence, and th	e current primary	residence is
Principal	pending	sale and the trans	saction will not clo	se prior to the nev	w transaction, the	
Residence to	required		parture residence	•		
Second Home,	 A copy of an executed sales contract for the property pending sale (transaction must 			ansaction must		
Investment or		 be arm's length), and Confirmation that all contingencies have been cleared, and 				
Pending Sale	•		for the departure			of the subject
	_	transaction Note		residence must b	e within 50 days t	or trie subject
	•		ust meet reserve re	equirements for s	ubject property ar	nd have six (6)
			reserves for vacat			
	» Departure Residence Subject to Guaranteed Buy-out with Corporation Relocation:					
	- The borrower's payment on their primary residence that is part of a corporate relocation may be					
	excluded when all of the following requirements are met: Copy of the executed buy-out agreement verifying the borrower has no additional					
		financial responsibility toward the departing residence once the property has been				
		transferred to the third (3 rd) party, and			-	
	 Guaranteed buy-out by the third (3rd) party must occur within 4 months of the fully 					
		 executed guaranteed buy-out agreement, and Evidence of receipt of equity advance if funds will be used for down payment or closing costs, and 			ayment or clesing	
	•				ayment of closing	
	•	,	ust meet reserve r	equirements for th	ne subject propert	y and have an
	 The borrower must meet reserve requirements for the subject property and have an additional 6 months PITIA in reserves for the vacating/departing property. Conversion to Second Home: 					
		•	using the PITIA pa		•	
			the reserve require		bject property and	have three (3)
		PITIA reserves to t o Investment:	r vacating/departi	ng property		
			ie, may be used i	n the underwritin	ng analysis when	the current
		ce has an LTV/Cl		ii tiic diideiwiitii	ig analysis when	the current
		must be documen				
			r only appraisal da	ted within 6 mont	hs of the Note da	te, or
			original sales prid			
	- The bor	rower must also pr	-		paia pinioipai	
	•		d lease agreement			
		<u>-</u>	t from the new ter			
		· ·	ank statement sho		ed security funds	and
	•		rve requirements	-	-	
			ng property is req		perty and tilled (o _j monus



	EMPLOYMENT & INCOME
Ineligible Income	» Examples of ineligible income for qualifying purposes include, but are not limited to:
Types	- Income from sources that cannot be verified,
<i>"</i>	- Income that is temporary or a one-time occurrence,
	- Deferred compensation,
	- Asset depletion,
	- Rental income received from the borrower's primary residence or second home,
	- Retained earnings,
	- Education benefits,
	- Trailing spouse income,
	Income that is not legal in accordance with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. Examples include, but are not limited to:
	Foreign shell banks,
	Medical marijuana dispensaries,
	 Any business or activity related to recreational marijuana use, growing, selling or supplying of marijuana, even if legally permitted under state or local law,
	Businesses engaged in any type of internet gambling.
4506-T Form	» Completed and signed 4506-T required prior to loan closing for both personal and business tax returns (if applicable) for all borrowers whose income was used for qualifying
	NOTE: IRS Form 4506-T, dated September 2015, with the attestation box checked, is required.
	» The 4506-T must be processed and tax transcripts (both personal and business, if applicable) for two (2) years must be obtained for all borrowers to validate all income used for qualifying
	» 4506-T results must be validated against the income documentation in the loan file
	» In the event tax returns were filed but the transcripts are not available from the IRS, the results must reflect "No Record Found".
	 An additional prior year's tax transcripts must be obtained. Large increases in income that cannot be validated through a tax transcript may only be considered for qualifying on a case-by-case basis.
	» Broker provided processed 4506-T results are not eligible.
Automated Underwriting (AU)	 » Not eligible » Manual underwriting is required on all transactions.



	ASSETS
General Asset Information	 Full asset documentation is required. Borrowers must disclose all liquid assets, in addition to the minimums required All assets must be verified as detailed in the below sections Cash on hand is ineligible as a source of assets.
Checking and Savings Accounts	 The two (2) most recent, consecutive months' statements (all pages) for both checking and savings accounts. A VOD is not acceptable in lieu of bank statements. Large deposits inconsistent with monthly income or other deposits must be verified.
Marketable Securities/Stock Accounts	 The two (2) most recent, consecutive month' stock securities account statements are required (all pages). The full value of stock accounts can be considered in the calculation of assets available for closing and reserves. NOTE: Non-vested or restricted stock accounts are ineligible.
Retirement Accounts	 The most recent account statement (all pages) covering for a minimum of a two (2) month period Evidence of liquidation is required when funds are used for down payment or closing costs. If borrower is < 59 ½ years old, 60% of the vested value of retirement accounts may be used to satisfy reserve requirements. Any outstanding loans must be deducted from the vested value. If borrower is > 59 ½ years old, 70% of the vested value of the retirement account may be used to satisfy reserve requirements. Any outstanding loans must be deducted from the vested value. Retirement accounts that do not allow for any type of withdrawal are ineligible to use for reserves.
Business Funds	 Business funds may be used for down payment and/or closing costs only subject to the following: A cash flow analysis using three (3) months business bank statements (all pages) to determine the withdrawal of the funds will not have a negative impact on the business is required. Business bank statements cannot reflect any non-sufficient funds (NSF's) or overdrafts. Borrower must have access to the funds, The borrower must be the sole proprietor or 100% owner of the business (or all borrowers combined own 100% of the business) Business funds cannot be used for satisfying reserve requirements.
Cash Value of Life Insurance Policies/Annuities	 n 100% of the value is eligible unless subject to penalties n The most recent account statement (all pages), covering a minimum of a two (2) month period is required.
Foreign Assets	» Funds from foreign assets/accounts are not eligible
1031 Exchange	 n 1031 exchange funds are eligible on second home and investment purchase transactions only subject to the following requirements: Copies of the HUD-1/CD for both properties, and Copy of the Exchange Agreement, and Sales contract for the exchange property, and The REMN WS underwriter must verify the funds from the Exchange Intermediary. NOTE: Reverse 1031 exchange transactions are not allowed.
Taxes Owed or Tax Extension	If the most recent tax return or a tax extension indicate a borrower owes money to the IRS or applicable state tax authority, evidence of sufficient assets to pay the debt must be documented if the amount due is within ninety (90) days of loan application.



		ASSETS	
Gift Funds	- On purcharequirements - Gift funds closing composition -	ible subject to the following: ase transactions, gift funds may be used ent is met. are eligible for down payment (after bor	rower own funds requirement met) and equirements. e spouse, or domestic partner living with
Gift of Equity Post-Closing Reserves	- Telephone, and - Relationship to the borrower. Proof of donor's funds and transfer/evidence of receipt by borrower must be documented Acceptable documentation includes: • A copy of the donor's check and borrower's deposit slip, or • A copy of the donor's withdrawal slip and borrower's deposit slip, or • A copy of the donor's check to the closing agent, or • A settlement statement/CD showing receipt of the donor's gift check. » Foreign assets/funds are ineligible as a source of gift funds. » Eligible as a source of down payment » Borrower is required to meet the minimum five percent (5%) borrower contribution requirement from his/her own funds. » Borrowers should disclose all liquid assets (not just those required to satisfy reserve requirements) and those assets should be verified.		
	» Reserve requirements for the subject property:		
	Primary Reside First Time Homebuyer –	nce $ \frac{\leq \$1,000,000 \text{ with LTV} \leq 80\%}{\leq \$1,000,000 \text{ with LTV} > 80\%} $ $\frac{\$1,000,001 - \$1,500,000}{\$1,500,001 - \$2,000,000} $ $\frac{< \$1,000,000 \text{ with LTV} \leq 80\%}{\leq \$1,000,000 \text{ with LTV} > 80\%} $	Required Reserves* 3 months PITIA 6 months PITIA 6 months PITIA 9 months PITIA 6 months PITIA 9 months PITIA
	Primary Reside	+ ,,	9 months PITIA
	Second Home	y Loan Amount ≤ \$1,000,000 \$1,000,001 - \$1,500,000 \$1,500,001 - \$2,000,000	Required Reserves* 6 months PITIA 12 months PITIA 18 months PITIA
	Occupanc		Required Reserves*
	Investment Property	≤ \$1,000,000	6 months PITIA
	reserves stated Transac Borrowe to secon If tl	dditional reserve requirements apply in above for the subject transaction: tion with Non-occupant Co-borrower: er Owns Additional 1-4 unit Financed Ed home or investment): the borrower has additional financed proped (3) months PITIA is required for each	Additional six (6) months PITIA. Properties (includes conversion of primary erties (other than the subject property)



ASSETS

Interested Party Contributions (IPC's)

Interested Party Contributions

- Interested party contributions (IPC) include funds contributed by the property seller, builder, real estate agent/broker, mortgage lender, or their affiliates, or any other party with an interest in the real estate transaction.
- » IPC's may only be used for closing costs and prepaid items.
- » IPC's cannot be used to make the borrower's down payment, reserve requirements or to meet the minimum borrower contribution requirement.
- » Interested party contributions are limited as follows:

Occupancy Type	LTV/CLTV	Maximum Allowable Contribution	
Primary Residence	> 80%	3%	
or Second Home	≤ 80%	6%	
Investment	All	2%	

Seller Concessions

- » Seller concessions are defined as any interested party contribution beyond the limits stated above or any amounts not being used for closing costs or prepaid expenses (e.g. fund for repairs not completed prior to closing)
- » If a seller concession is present, both the appraised value and the sales price must be reduced by the concession amount when calculating the LTV/CLTV
- » All seller concessions must be addressed in the sales contract, appraisal, and HUD-1/CD

Personal Property

- » Any personal property transferred with the sale must indicate zero transfer value on the sales contract and the appraisal.
- » If any value is associated with the personal property, the sales price and appraised value must be reduced by the personal property value for purposes of calculating the LTV/CLTV.



APPRAISAL. PROPERTY

Appraisals

Appraisal requirements are as follows:

Purchase Transactions			
First Lien Loan Amount	Appraisal Requirement		
≤ \$2,000,000	One (1) full appraisal		
> \$2,000,000	Two (2) full appraisals		
Refinance Transactions			
First Lien Loan Amount	Appraisal Requirement		
≤ \$1,500,000	One (1) full appraisal		
> \$1,500,000	Two (2) full appraisals		

- » When one appraisal is required, the following applies:
 - A Collateral Desktop (CDA) is required.
- » When two appraisals are required the following applies:
 - Appraisals must be completed by two independent appraisal companies. The same AMC may be utilized but the appraisals must be provided from two different appraisal companies.
 - The LTV will be determined by the lower of the two appraised values as long as the lower appraisal supports the value conclusion (CDA is not required).
 - The REMN WS underwriter is responsible to review both appraisals and address any inconsistencies between the two reports and all discrepancies must be reconciled.
- » Properties purchased by the seller of the property within 90 days of the fully executed purchase contract are subject to the following additional requirements:
 - Two (2) appraisals required, and
 - Property seller on the purchase contract must be the owner of record,
 - Increases in value should be fully documented by the appraiser and supported with recent paired sales.
- » Properties with values significantly in excess of the predominant value of the subject property's market are subject to REMN WS management review and approval.
- » Appraisals must be Uniform Appraisal Data (UAD) compliant and meet Fannie Mae's Appraiser Independence Requirements (AIR).
- » A Fannie Mae Market Conditions Addendum (1004MC) and a Fannie Mae Submission Summary Report is required on all appraisals.
- » If an applicable law, regulation or REMN WS policy requires more than one (1) appraisal be obtained, the single most accurate appraisal must be used for underwriting and submission to the Uniform Collateral Data Portal (UCDP).
- » A full appraisal must provide legible interior and exterior photos.
 - The exterior photos must contain photos of the front, back and street scene of the subject property as well as the front of all comparable sales.
 - The interior photos, at minimum, must include:
 - Kitchen, (free-standing stove/range or refrigerator not required)
 - Main living area,
 - All bathrooms,
 - Examples of physical deterioration, if present,
 - Examples of any recent updates, if present (i.e. remodel, renovation, restoration)
- » The source of the closed comparable sales used in the appraisal must be from one of the following or a desk review will be required:
 - A Multiple Listing Service (MLS), or
 - MRIS (www.mris.com), or
 - Midwest Real Estate Dated (MRED) (<u>www.mredllc.com</u>), or
 - North Texas Real Estate Information Systems, Inc. (NTREIS) at (<u>www.ntreis.net</u>), or
 - San Antonio Board of Realtors (www.sabor.com), or
 - GeoData at www.geodataplus.com, or
 - Comps Inc. at <u>www.compsny.com</u>.

NOTE: Comparables from a public independent source are only eligible in the states of Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont.



	APPRAISALS, PROPERTY
Appraisals	» Comparable sales cannot be > 6 months old at time of underwriting review.
(Cont'd)	» Comparable sales used for new construction properties are subject to the following:
(Cont a)	- If all three of the comparable sales used to support the value of the subject property were
	obtained from one of the above sources (public source eligible in Vermont and Maine only) no
	further action is required.
	 If the comparable sales are not all obtained from a MLS, MRIS, MRED, NTREIS, or from an independent source (Vermont and Maine only), the appraiser must comment that the subject property development is being marketed in an "open" or "public" environment (i.e. newspaper advertisements, bill board signs, website, etc.).
	- Additionally, the following applies:
	 One of the comparable sales must be outside the project the subject property is located in and be from an MLS, MRIS, MRED, NTREIS, SABOR, GeoData, or Comps Inc. or public source (public source Maine/New Hampshire/Vermont only).
	 Two of the comparable sales must be from sources other than the subject property builder.
	NOTE: The appraiser is always allowed to provide more than three comparable sales in order to support the property value.
	» The appraisal must identify and address properties located within a declining market.
	» Modular/Prefabricated homes: The appraiser must address the marketability of the property
	» The appraisal must contain a comparable rent schedule on transactions involving investment properties
	» Land value subject to Fannie Mae guidelines. The appraiser must comment if typical for the area and current use is highest and best use
	» Maximum ten (10) acres
	» REMN WS requires properties to be, at minimum, in average condition. Additionally, the following applies:
	 A conventional heat source with the ability to maintain a temperature of 50° in areas of the property where there is plumbing.
	 Any broken glass that is a health hazard must be removed and the opening closed.
	» Appraisal transfers are ineligible
	» A new appraisal will be required when the appraisal is dated more than 120 days from the funding date. A re-certification is not allowed.
	» Properties located in a FEMA Disaster Declaration area will be subject to additional appraisal review.
Appraisal	» Appraisal must be ordered from one of the following REMN WS approved AMCs:
Management	- ACT Appraisal Management (AR, AZ, CA, IL, MN, MT, NE, NM, NV, OK, PA, WY)
Companies	- Momentum Appraisal Group (TX)
(AMC's)	 Mortgage Management Consulting (All other states) Nationwide Property and Appraisal Services (ID)
Inspections	» Septic inspections are only required when the appraiser indicates there is evidence the septic system be failing.
	» Termite inspections are only required when the purchase contract requires one, or the appraiser indicates there is evidence of active infestation.
	» Well inspections are only required when state or local regulations require, or if there is indication the well may be contaminated.



APPRAISALS, PROPERTY

Non-Warrantable Condominiums

- Non-warrantable condominiums may be eligible if the project meets the requirements detailed below. A completed REMN WS Full Review 5+ Units Condominium Questionnaire is required to determine eligibility.
 - The transaction LTV/CLTV must be reduced by 10% below the applicable maximum if the condo is located in a non-warrantable project.
 - Eligible on primary residence and second home transactions only; investment ineligible.
 - A condo project is considered non-warrantable when project features do not meet specific Fannie Mae requirements. Condo projects that are non-warrantable are eligible for this program when only one (1) of the following non-warrantable features applies to the condominium project, it meets the requirements detailed below and meets all other Fannie Mae project requirements:
 - The condo project exceeds the commercial space allowed by Fannie Mae. Condo projects where the commercial space exceeds Fannie Mae requirements are eligible subject to the following limitations:
 - A maximum 35% commercial space is allowed
 - 35% and up to 50% allowed if the commercial space is owned and controlled by an HOA that is separate from the subject project HOA
 - A single entity owns more units than allowed by Fannie Mae. A project where a single entity ownership exceeds Fannie Mae requirements are eligible as follows:
 - Projects with more than 10 units, one (1) entity may own up to 25% of the units
 - The new or newly converted project does not meet Fannie Mae presale requirements. A
 project that does not meet Fannie Mae presale requirements are eligible as follows;
 - Projects with a 30% presale of owner-occupied or second homes are eligible
 - The project budget does not meet Fannie guidelines. Projects with line item replacement reserves of less than 10 % are considered subject to:
 - Less than 10% but greater than 7% replacement reserves allowed if current reserve balance exceeds 10% of operating expenses
 - Less than 7% replacement reserves allowed if current reserve balances exceeds 20% of operating expenses
 - A current project budget, dated within 120 days of the Note date, and balance sheet will be required to determine eligibility.

NOTE: All other Fannie Mae condo project requirements must be met

Projects with more than one (1) non-warrantable feature are not eligible

Property with an Accessory Unit

Legal Accessory Unit

Eligible on 1- unit single family properties only provided the following requirements are met:

- The appraisal must indicate the improvements are typical for the market.
- A minimum of one (1) comparable sale with the same use is required.
- The borrower must qualify for the mortgage without considering any rental income for the legal accessory unit.

Illegal Accessory Unit

If it is determined that the accessory unit does not comply with zoning the property is eligible subject to the following additional conditions:

- The use conforms to the subject neighborhood and market.
- The property is appraised based upon its current use.
- The appraisal must indicate that the improvements represent a use that does not comply with zoning.
- The appraisal must indicate that the improvements are typical for the market through an analysis of at least three (3) comparable properties that have the same illegal use.
- The accessory unit cannot jeopardize any future hazard insurance claim that could be filed against the property.



	APPRAISALS, PROPERTY
Property Flips	» Properties purchased by the seller of the property within 90 days of the fully executed purchase contract are subject to the following additional requirements:
	- Two (2) appraisals required, and
	 Property seller on the purchase contract must be the owner of record,
	 Increases in value should be fully documented by the appraiser and supported with recent paired sales.
	NOTE : The above requirements do not apply if the property seller is a bank that received the property as a result of a foreclosure or deed-in-lieu.
Escrow Holdbacks	Not allowed